News

U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics PO Box 193766 San Francisco, Calif. 94119-3766



CONTACT:

Stanley P. Stephenson (415) 975-4373 Nancy A. Treadwell (415) 975-4403 Internet address: http://stats.bls.gov/ro9news.htm Fax-On-Demand (415) 975-4567 Code: 9645 BLS 00-68 FOR RELEASE: Wednesday, September 27, 2000

AVERAGE ANNUAL PAY IN WASHINGTON, 1998

Annual pay in Washington averaged \$33,076 in 1998, an increase of 7.5 percent over the year according to the U.S. Department of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics. Regional Commissioner Stanley Stephenson noted that Washington's pay level was above the national average of \$31,908 and that its pay growth rate continued to be the highest of any state in the nation¹ remaining well above the nationwide rise of 5.1 percent. (See table 1.)

Overall pay in the Pacific region², averaged \$33,504 in 1998, an increase of 5.5 percent over 1997. In addition to Washington, only California and Alaska, with pay levels of \$35,349 and \$33,839, respectively, exceeded the nationwide average within the Pacific region. Among the remaining five states, average annual pay ranged from a low of \$24,866 in Idaho to \$30,201 in Nevada.

Annual pay data are compiled from reports submitted by employers subject to state and federal Unemployment Insurance (UI) laws, covering 124.2 million full- and part-time workers. Average annual pay is computed by dividing total annual payrolls of employees covered by UI programs by the average monthly number of these employees. (See technical note.) Pay differences among states reflect the varying composition of employment by occupation, industry, and hours of work, as well as other factors. Similarly, over-the-year pay changes may reflect shifts in these characteristics, as well as changes in the level of average pay.

For Washington's eight metropolitan areas³, pay growth was strongest in Seattle-Bellevue-Everett increasing 9.7 percent to \$39,848 in 1998. Seattle's pay level ranked 6th among the nation's 315 metropolitan areas. (See table 2.) In the remaining metropolitan areas within the state, pay growth rates fell below the national average of 5.2 percent. Richland-Kennewick-Pasco experienced Washington's second largest pay gain, 4.3 percent. The metropolitan area with the smallest increase was Bremerton, which averaged 3.0 percent.

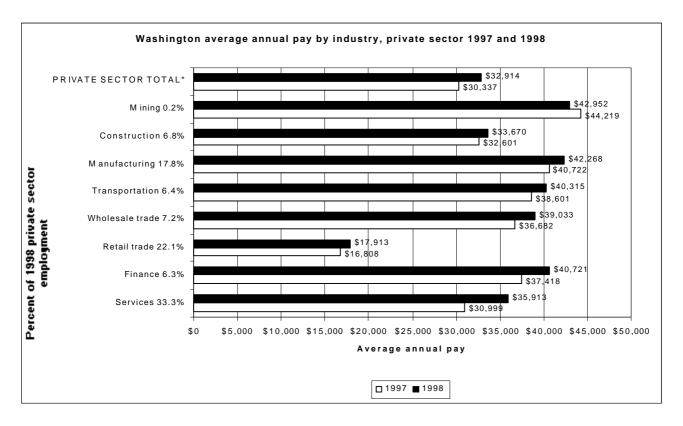
¹ New Jersey data were not available for the third and fourth quarters of 1998. Totals for the United States were calculated using estimated data for New Jersey.

² The Pacific region consists of eight states: Alaska, Arizona, California, Hawaii, Idaho, Nevada, Oregon, and Washington.

The nation's 315 metropolitan areas.

Among Washington's seven large counties⁴ annual pay levels varied widely. (See table 3.) King County recorded the highest average annual pay in 1998 at \$41,291 while Yakima County had the lowest at \$21,483. Only King County, which experienced one of the highest pay increases (10.7 percent) in the nation, exceeded Washington's overall increase of 7.5 percent. Pay gains in the remaining counties in the State fell below the national average of 5.1 percent, ranging from 3.7 percent in Yakima County to 4.4 percent in Clark County.

Annual pay in Washington increased in eight of the nine industry divisions. (See table 4.) Increases ranged from 3.2 percent in government to 15.9 percent in services. Mining was the only industry to register a decline (-2.9 percent); however, it continued to be the highest-paid averaging \$42,952. Retail trade remained the lowest-paid industry in the State at \$17,913. Overall, total private sector pay in Washington rose to \$32,914 in 1998 compared to \$31,722 nationwide as five of its nine industry divisions exceeded their respective national averages.



^{*} Private sector excludes government employment

TECHNICAL NOTE

These data are the product of a federal-state cooperative program in which State Employment Security Agencies (SESAs) prepare summaries of employment and total pay of workers covered by Unemployment Insurance legislation. The summaries are a by-product of the administration of state unemployment insurance (UI) programs that require most employers to pay quarterly taxes based on the employment and wages of workers covered by UI. Data for 1998 are preliminary and subject to revision.

 $^{^{4}}$ The 301 largest U.S. counties with 75,000 or more employees.

Coverage:

Employment and wage data for workers covered by state UI laws and for federal civilian workers covered by the Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) program are compiled from quarterly contribution reports submitted to the SESAs by employers. In addition to the quarterly contribution reports, employers who operate multiple establishments within a state complete a questionnaire, called the "Multiple Worksite Report," which provides detailed information on the location and industry of each of their establishments. Average annual pay data are derived from summaries of employment and wages submitted by states to the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

UI and UCFE coverage is broad and basically comparable from state to state. In 1997, UI and UCFE programs covered workers in 124.2 million jobs. The estimated 119 million workers in these jobs (because they include multiple job holders) represent 98.4 percent of wage and salary civilian employment. Covered workers received \$3.961 trillion in pay, representing 95.5 percent of the wage and salary component of personal income and 46.5 percent of the gross domestic product.

Major exclusions from UI coverage during 1998 included most agricultural workers on small farms, all members of the Armed Forces, elected officials in most states, most employees of railroads, some domestic workers, most student workers at schools, and employees of certain small nonprofit organizations.

Concepts and methodology:

Average annual pay is computed by dividing total annual pay of employees covered by UI programs by the average monthly number of these employees. Included in the annual payroll data are bonuses, the cash value of meals and lodging when supplied, tips and other gratuities, and, in some states, employer contributions to certain deferred compensation plans such as 401(k) plans and stock options. Monthly employment is based on the number of workers who worked during or received pay for the pay period including the 12th of the month. With few exceptions, all employees of covered firms are reported, including production and sales workers, corporation officials, executives, supervisory personnel, and clerical workers. Workers on paid vacations and part-time workers also are included. Percentage changes in average annual pay for 1998 were computed using final 1997 data as a base.

The ratio of full-time to part-time workers as well as the number of individuals in high-paying and low-paying occupations affect average annual pay. When comparing average annual pay levels between industries and/or states, these factors should be taken into consideration. Annual pay data only approximate annual earnings, because an individual may not be employed by the same employer all year or may work for more than one employer. Year-to-year changes in average annual pay can result from a change in the proportion of employment in high- and low- wage jobs, as well as from changes in the level of average annual pay.

Data in table 2 are presented separately for the private sector and for government. Average annual pay for employment in the private sector is presented by industry division as defined in the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual. Government data include federal, state, local, and international establishments.

A few covered employers provided insufficient information on the nature of their businesses to assign a specific SIC classification and therefore could not be classified by industry division. The wages for these

nonclassifiable establishments, along with data for the agricultural division, are not shown separately, but are included in the averages for state and national totals.

County definitions are assigned according to Federal Information Processing Standards Publications (FIPS PUBS) as issued by the National Institute of Standards and Technology, after approval by the Secretary of Commerce pursuant to Section 5131 of the Information Technology Management Reform Act of 1996 and the Computer Security Act of 1987, Public Law 104-106. Data shown as counties include areas designated as independent cities in some jurisdictions, and, in Alaska, those designated as census areas where counties have not been created.

BLS issues two other regular reports which provide data from state UI and UCFE programs. A news release on 1997 average annual pay for the nation's metropolitan areas was issued in August 1999. Also published from this program is the comprehensive bulletin, Employment and Wages Annual Averages, 1997, which features information by detailed industry on establishments, employment, and wages for the nation and all states. The report is available for sale from the BLS Publications Sales Center, P.O. Box 2145, Chicago, Illinois, 60690.

This news release, along with other BLS statistics and information, is available via the Internet at the BLS World Wide Web site (http://stats.bls.gov). Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: 202-691-5200; TDD message referral phone number: 1-800-877-8339.

Table 1. State¹ average annual pay for 1997 and 1998 and percent change in pay for all covered workers²

| | Average and | Percent | |
|----------------------------|-------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| State | | 2 | change |
| | 1997 | 1998 ³ | 1997-98 ⁴ |
| UNITED STATES ⁵ | \$30,353 | \$31,908 | 5.1 |
| Pacific Region | 31,764 | 33,504 | 5.5 |
| Alaska | 33,156 | 33,839 | 2.1 |
| Arizona | 27,659 | 29,317 | 6.0 |
| California | 33,525 | 35,349 | 5.4 |
| Hawaii | 28,357 | 29,029 | 2.4 |
| Idaho | 24,062 | 24,866 | 3.3 |
| Nevada | 28,672 | 30,201 | 5.3 |
| Oregon | 28,411 | 29,542 | 4.0 |
| Washington | 30,769 | 33,076 | 7.5 |

¹ Includes the District of Columbia and Puerto Rico.

² Includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs.

³ Data are preliminary.

⁴ Percent changes were computed from unrounded average annual pay data and may differ from those computed using data rounded to the nearest dollar.

⁵ Totals for the United States were calculated using estimated data for New Jersey for the third and fourth quarters in 1998 and do not include data for Puerto Rico.

Table 2. Average annual pay for 1997 and 1998 for all covered workers¹ by metropolitan area

| | | Ranking of | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-------------|
| | Average annual pay | | | areas |
| Metropolitan area ² | | | | By level of |
| | 1997 | 1998 ³ | Percent | average |
| | | | change, | annual pay |
| | | | 1997-98 ⁴ | for 1998 |
| | | | | |
| All metropolitan areas ⁵ | \$31,734 | \$33,381 | 5.2 | |
| Metropolitan areas in Washington | | | | |
| Bellingham, WA | 23,908 | 24,792 | 3.7 | 243 |
| Bremerton, WA | 27,550 | 28,377 | 3.0 | 121 |
| Portland-Vancouver, OR-WA | 31,590 | 32,846 | 4.0 | 35 |
| Olympia, WA | 27,374 | 28,460 | 4.0 | 117 |
| Richland-Kennewick-Pasco, WA | 28,317 | 29,521 | 4.3 | 93 |
| Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA | 36,315 | 39,848 | 9.7 | 6 |
| Spokane, WA | 25,527 | 26,568 | 4.1 | 175 |
| Tacoma, WA | 26,462 | 27,507 | 3.9 | 144 |
| Yakima, WA | 20,715 | 21,483 | 3.7 | 301 |

¹ Includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs.

² Includes data for 315 Metropolitan Statistical Areas and Primary Metropolitan Statistical Areas in the United States as of June 1998.

³ Data are preliminary.

⁴ Percent changes were computed from unrounded average annual pay data and may differ from those computed using data rounded to the nearest dollar.

⁵ Totals were calculated using estimated data for New Jersey for the third and fourth quarters in 1998 and do not include the six MSAs within Puerto Rico.

Table 3. Employment and average annual pay for 1998 and 1997-98 percent changes

for all covered workers¹ in the 7 largest counties in Washington.

| | Employment | | | Average annual pay | |
|----------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------|---------|
| | | Percent Ranked | | | Percent |
| County ² | | Change, | by percent | | change, |
| | 1998 ³ | 1997-98 ⁴ | change, | 1998 ³ | 1997- |
| | | | 1997-98 ⁵ | | 984 |
| | | | | | |
| United States ⁶ | 124,150,724 | 2.6 | - | \$31,908 | 5.1 |
| Washington | | | | | |
| Clark, WA | 109,482 | 3.4 | 69 | 29,331 | 4.4 |
| King, WA | 1,094,519 | 4.8 | 30 | 41,291 | 10.7 |
| Pierce, WA | 228,334 | 2.6 | 118 | 27,507 | 3.9 |
| Snohomish, WA | 213,306 | 5.1 | 23 | 33,595 | 4.1 |
| Spokane, WA | 180,668 | 1.8 | 188 | 26,568 | 4.1 |
| Thurston, WA | 81,023 | 2.7 | 113 | 28,460 | 4.0 |
| Yakima, WA | 94,174 | 1.7 | 197 | 21,483 | 3.7 |

¹ Includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs. The 301 U.S. counties including New Jersey counties, comprise 70.0% of the total covered workers in the U.S.

² Includes areas not officially designated as counties. See technical note.

³ Data are preliminary. See technical note.

⁴ Percent changes were computed from annual employment and pay data adjusted for noneconomic county reclassifications.

⁵ Rankings for percent change in employment are based on the 285 counties that are comparable over the year.

⁶ Totals for the United States were calculated using estimated data for New Jersey for the third and fourth quarters in 1998 and do not include data for Puerto Rico.

Table 4. State and industry average annual pay in the Pacific Region¹ for 1997 and 1998 and percent change in pay for all covered workers²

| 1776 and percent change in pay for an cover | Average and | Percent | |
|---------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|----------|
| State and industry | 2 | change, | |
| Ç | 1997 | 1998 ³ | 1997-984 |
| United States ⁵ | | | |
| Private ⁶ | | | |
| Total | \$30,064 | \$31,722 | 5.5 |
| Mining | 49,998 | 52,021 | 4.0 |
| Construction | 31,744 | 33,346 | 5.0 |
| Manufacturing | 38,306 | 40,040 | 4.5 |
| Transportation, communications, | | | |
| and public utilities | 37,658 | 39,301 | 4.4 |
| Wholesale trade | 39,449 | 41,759 | 5.9 |
| Retail trade | 15,878 | 16,794 | 5.8 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 44,884 | 48,597 | 8.3 |
| Services | 28,466 | 30,011 | 5.4 |
| Government | 31,916 | 32,931 | 3.2 |
| Alaska | | | |
| Private ⁶ | | | |
| Total | 31,050 | 32,033 | 3.2 |
| Mining | 80,243 | 79,611 | -0.8 |
| Construction | 45,725 | 45,744 | 0.0 |
| Manufacturing | 29,809 | 31,235 | 4.8 |
| Transportation, communications, | | | |
| and public utilities | 40,752 | 41,277 | 1.3 |
| Wholesale trade | 34,588 | 36,402 | 5.2 |
| Retail trade | 18,420 | 19,051 | 3.4 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 32,631 | 34,041 | 4.3 |
| Services | 25,835 | 26,801 | 3.7 |
| Government | 39,180 | 39,114 | -0.2 |
| Arizona | | | |
| Private ⁶ | | | |
| Total | 27,150 | 28,850 | 6.3 |
| Mining | 45,720 | 45,850 | 0.3 |
| Construction | 27,884 | 29,380 | 5.4 |
| Manufacturing | 39,888 | 42,771 | 7.2 |
| Transportation, communications, | | | |
| and public utilities | 34,136 | 35,782 | 4.8 |
| Wholesale trade | 36,672 | 39,892 | 8.8 |
| Retail trade | 16,729 | 17,638 | 5.4 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 34,075 | 37,446 | 9.9 |
| Services | 25,307 | 26,711 | 5.5 |
| Government | 30,631 | 32,098 | 4.8 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. State and industry average annual pay in the Pacific Region¹ for 1997 and 1998 and percent change in pay for all covered workers² (Continued)

| 1998 and percent change in pay for an cover | Average an | Percent | |
|---------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| State and industry | Trefage amada pay | | change, |
| | 1997 | 1998 ³ | 1997-98 ⁴ |
| California | | | |
| Private ⁶ | | | |
| Total | 33,010 | 34,841 | 5.5 |
| Mining | 58,362 | 61,089 | 4.7 |
| Construction | 34,514 | 36,081 | 4.5 |
| Manufacturing | 42,512 | 44,720 | 5.2 |
| Transportation, communications, | | | |
| and public utilities | 40,227 | 41,391 | 2.9 |
| Wholesale trade | 40,886 | 43,532 | 6.5 |
| Retail trade | 18,073 | 19,326 | 6.9 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 47,028 | 51,895 | 10.3 |
| Services | 33,384 | 34,668 | 3.8 |
| Government | 36,341 | 38,228 | 5.2 |
| Hawaii | | | |
| Private ⁶ | | | |
| Total | 26,979 | 27,662 | 2.5 |
| Mining | | 51,198 | 2.0 |
| Construction | 42,312 | 43,554 | 2.9 |
| Manufacturing | 30,619 | 31,440 | 2.7 |
| Transportation, communications, | , | , | |
| and public utilities | 35,897 | 36,709 | 2.3 |
| Wholesale trade | | 33,335 | 2.3 |
| Retail trade | | 17,328 | 1.4 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | | 36,145 | 4.9 |
| Services | | 27,679 | 2.5 |
| Government | 33,848 | 34,428 | 1.7 |
| Idaho | | | |
| Private ⁶ | | | |
| Total | 23,747 | 24,555 | 3.4 |
| Mining | | N/A^7 | N/A^7 |
| Construction | | 27,177 | 2.2 |
| Manufacturing | 33,421 | 34,219 | 2.4 |
| Transportation, communications, | ŕ | ŕ | |
| and public utilities | 28,989 | 30,089 | 3.8 |
| Wholesale trade | | 28,269 | 4.9 |
| Retail trade | 14,258 | 14,964 | 5.0 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 28,750 | 30,717 | 6.8 |
| Services | | 23,625 | 3.0 |
| Government | 25,475 | 26,271 | 3.1 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. State and industry average annual pay in the Pacific Region¹ for 1997 and 1998 and percent change in pay for all covered workers² (Continued)

| 1998 and percent change in pay for an cover | Average and | Percent | |
|---------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| State and industry | | | change, |
| 2 | 1997 | 1998 ³ | 1997-98 ⁴ |
| Nevada | | | |
| Private ⁶ | | | |
| Total | 27,854 | 29,376 | 5.5 |
| Mining | 49,912 | 52,823 | 5.8 |
| Construction | 35,487 | 37,183 | 4.8 |
| Manufacturing | 33,064 | 34,978 | 5.8 |
| Transportation, communications, | | | |
| and public utilities | 32,507 | 33,477 | 3.0 |
| Wholesale trade | 36,393 | 38,378 | 5.5 |
| Retail trade | 18,191 | 19,089 | 4.9 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 34,027 | 37,081 | 9.0 |
| Services | 26,664 | 28,221 | 5.8 |
| Government | 34,823 | 36,328 | 4.3 |
| Oregon | | | |
| Private ⁶ | | | |
| Total | 27,866 | 29,046 | 4.2 |
| Mining | 34,782 | 36,171 | 4.0 |
| Construction | 34,806 | 35,274 | 1.3 |
| Manufacturing | 37,079 | 38,750 | 4.5 |
| Transportation, communications, | | | |
| and public utilities | 34,752 | 35,714 | 2.8 |
| Wholesale trade | 38,835 | 39,855 | 2.6 |
| Retail trade | 16,516 | 17,459 | 5.7 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 34,882 | 36,963 | 6.0 |
| Services | 24,699 | 25,911 | 4.9 |
| Government | 31,524 | 32,363 | 2.7 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. State and industry average annual pay in the Pacific Region¹ for 1997 and 1998 and percent change in pay for all covered workers² (Continued)

| | Average an | Percent | |
|-------------------------------------|------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| State and industry | | , | change, |
| | 1997 | 1998 ³ | 1997-98 ⁴ |
| Washington | | | |
| Private ⁶ | | | |
| Total | 30,337 | 32,914 | 8.5 |
| Mining | 44,219 | 42,952 | -2.9 |
| Construction | 32,601 | 33,670 | 3.3 |
| Manufacturing | 40,722 | 42,268 | 3.8 |
| Transportation, communications, | | | |
| and public utilities | 38,601 | 40,315 | 4.4 |
| Wholesale trade | 36,682 | 39,033 | 6.4 |
| Retail trade | 16,808 | 17,913 | 6.6 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 37,418 | 40,721 | 8.8 |
| Services | 30,999 | 35,913 | 15.9 |
| Government | 32,830 | 33,865 | 3.2 |

¹ The Pacific Region is comprised of eight states -- Alaska, Arizona, California, Hawaii, Idaho, Nevada, Oregon, and Washington.

² Includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs.

³ Data are preliminary.

⁴ Percent changes were computed from unrounded average annual pay data and may differ from those computed using data rounded to the nearest dollar.

⁵ Totals for the United States were calculated using estimated data for New Jersey for the third and fourth quarters in 1998 and do not include data for Puerto Rico.

⁶ Includes data for industries in addition to those shown separately.

⁷ Data do not meet BLS or State agency disclosure standards.